

2014 Annual Water Quality Report

Pointons Redwood Manor

PWS ID# OK5005516

We are pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of the water supplied to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We would like you to be informed of the efforts being made to continually improve water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to insuring the quality of your drinking water.

Is my water safe?

We provide safe drinking water to your home. Our source water is groundwater drawn from one well and distributed to each home. We are required to test for bacteriological, inorganic, lead and copper, and other possible contaminants to ensure that your drinking water is safe for consumption.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immune-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. The sources of drinking water include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up contaminants resulting from animals or human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife;
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming;
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses;
- Organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems;
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

| Abbreviations: | |
|-----------------------|---|
| ppm | parts per million, or milligrams per Liter (mg/L) |
| ppb | parts per billion, or micrograms per Liter (µg/L) |
| pCi/L | picocuries per Liter (a measure of radioactivity) |
| Mrem/ yr | Millirems per year (a measure of radioactivity) |
| MCLG | Maximum Contaminant Level Goal. The level of contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risks to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. |
| MCL | Maximum Contaminant Level. The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. |
| NA | not applicable |

For More Information:

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact John Baxter at (405) 390-8198. We want our valued customers to be informed about their drinking water. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

2014 Monitoring Results for Pointons Redwood Manor

All test results are for the year 2014 unless otherwise noted

| Contaminants | Sample Date | 90 th percentile | # sites over AL | MCLG | Action Level (AL) | Units | Violation | Likely Sources of Contamination |
|------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------|-------------------|-------|-----------|---|
| Lead and Copper | | | | | | | | |
| Copper | 2012 | 0.9924 | 1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | ppm | No | Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives; corrosion of household plumbing. |
| Lead | 2012 | 10.4 | 1 | 0 | 15 | ppb | No | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits. |

*The Lead and Copper Rule protects public health by minimizing lead and copper levels in drinking water, primarily by reducing water corrosivity. Lead and copper enter drinking water mainly from corrosion of lead and copper containing plumbing materials.

| Contaminants | Sample Date | Highest Level Detected | Range | MCLG | MCL | Units | Violation | Likely Sources of Contamination |
|---|-------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------|----------|-----------|--|
| Inorganic Contaminants | | | | | | | | |
| Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] | 2014 | 2.0 | 1.58- 1.58 | 10 | 10 | ppm | No | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits. |
| Radioactive Contaminants | | | | | | | | |
| Beta/photon emitters | 2012 | 1.824 | 1.824- 1.824 | 0 | 4 | Mrem/ yr | No | Decay of natural and man-made deposits. |
| Combined Radium 226/228 | 2012 | 1.441 | 1.441- 1.441 | 0 | 5 | pCi/L | No | Erosion of natural deposits. |
| Gross alpha excluding radon and uranium | 2012 | 2.389 | 2.389- 2.389 | 0 | 15 | pCi/L | No | Erosion of natural deposits. |
| Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products | | | | | | | | |
| Chlorine | 2013 | 1.0 | 1.0- 1.0 | MRDL G =4 | MRDL =4 | ppm | No | Water additive used to control microbes. |

Violations Table

| Violation Type | Violation Begin | Violation End | Violation Explanation |
|---|-----------------|---------------|---|
| Consumer Confidence Rule | | | |
| CCR Report | 7/1/2014 | 2014 | We failed to provide you, our drinking water customers, an annual report that informs you about the quality of our drinking water and characterizes the risks from exposure to contaminants detected in our drinking water. |
| E.Coli | | | |
| Monitor GWR Triggered/Additional, Major | 12/5/2012 | 2014 | We failed to collect follow-up samples within 24 hours of learning of the total coliform-positive sample. These needed to be tested for fecal indicators from all sources that were being used at the time the positive sample was collected. |

*Fecal coliforms and E.Coli are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes. Microbes in these wastes can cause short-term effects, such as diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms. They may pose a special health risk for infants, young.